Part Two, The Making of America: Name: ______ Lesson 44: Amendments 2-12 (Le

[for Sundays, Jan 31, & Feb 13, 2016]

Reading: The Making of America, pages 693-717

(Chapter 29) Amendments 2-12

Pre-lesson questions for homework study and review: [Supplemental notes are bracketed] [287 Constitution Provisions "principles" in text.]

1. WHAT RIGHT DOES THE SECOND AMENDMENT PROTECT?

219 - Right to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed (2nd)

WHY? AT WHAT LEVEL OF GOVERNMENT IS THIS RIGHT AIMED? (P. 694) [... by the Fed Govt!]

- 2. Who belongs to the state militia? (694) o An armed citizenry
- 3. HOW WELL ARMED ARE AMERICANS TODAY? (694) 50M own 200 million weapons [2004]
- 4. Describe the three-step approach governments typically use to disarm the citizenry. (694-95)
- o Steps to disarming a nation [stages implied]
 - require registration
 - create emergency or riot [use of 'conspiracy plan' to create a falsely caused]
 - confiscate arms in the name of safety [normally sell to others/later melt down]
- 5. What does our own nation's history prove about the capacity of Gun control to curb crime? (695)

Does Gun Control Curb Crime?

- o Congressional investigations prove no (quote p 695)[unable to produce examples to prove while proposing regulation]
 - 1870 1910 In the West
- 1920 1939 during the gangster era
- 1965 oo 1976 in our day
- no record of crime reduction!
- 6. Some argue that the Second Amendment refers only to permanently organized military units. Give evidence that this was not the founders' intent. (695)

Should only Militia and National Guard have weapons?

- o Did Founders only mean military units to have weapons? (Quote) [all people were considered as 'militia!']
- 7. HOW DID ANGLO-SAXON SOCIETY DIFFER FROM THE EUROPEAN FEUDAL SYSTEM WITH REGARD TO THE RESPONSIBILITY TO BEAR ARMS? (695)
- o Alfred the Great [800AD] required all to have weapons
- 8. Briefly recount the history of the right to bear arms in England after the Norman conquest. (695-96) [All aged 15-60 were required to verify 2x/yr they had arms. Citizens practiced bow/arrow practice *instead* of other games. Brit monarchy historically has had to moderate their rule due to their armed citizenry– Charles Orman, Historian]
- 9. DESCRIBE THE RIGHT TO BEAR ARMS AMONG THE AMERICAN COLONISTS. (696-97)
- o Virginia required well-armed citizenry (quote) [were even required in church, typically they afterward did target 'practice' account of 'many' Senate records]
- 10. HOW DID THE RIGHT TO BEAR ARMS CHANGE AFTER THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION? (697-98)

[The country was a flush of proposals that the general populace be kept armed.]

- 11. DESCRIBE THE DRAFTING OF THE SECOND AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION. (698)
- [James Madison incorporated all the states which submitted proposals from one paper.]
- 12. How was the Second Amendment interpreted in the first few decades after it was adopted? (698-99) [The country consistently considered it applied to all people and some states required it from all able-bodied citizens.]
- 13. DESCRIBE THE FOUNDERS' EFFORTS TO EXTEND THE RIGHT TO BEAR ARMS TO ALL AMERICAN CITIZENS. (699-700) [The state's constitutions consistently treated bearing arms the same: 'a right of the people.']
- 14. DESCRIBE THE HISTORY AND IMPORTANCE OF THE THIRD AMENDMENT. (700-701)
- 220 No quartering of troops in homes of citizens (3rd)
- o King George required quartering of his troops [tendency to take over the home 'worse than a plague']
- 15. What is the right to privacy guaranteed in the Fourth Amendment?
- 221 Right to privacy (4th) How has the government violated this right? (701-2)
- o No entry unless: court order owner permission
- 222 Protect against unreasonable searches and seizures
- 16. What are "reasonable" and "unreasonable" searches and seizures? (702)
- o Some are reasonable [criminals at time of crime, entering immediately after a crime]
- 223 Warrant to search only by probable cause
- o No "fishing expedition"
- o No warrant needed if observed
- 17. Under what conditions may an American citizen be arrested? (703) [Only by means of a warrant can any American citizen be arrested.]
- 18. Under what conditions may a person be charged with a capital or infamous CRIME? [The individual must have had an indictment heard by a grand jury and finding "reasonable cause" of their guilt.] Are there any exceptions? (703-4) [Military Courts] **224 Grand jury required in federal criminal cases** (5th) [only 'prosecutor' presents evidence, defendant unprotected case in 2016 Planned Parenthood vs. agency taking undercover videos] | **225 No grand jury for military court-marshals.**
- 19. DISCUSS FOUR PERSONAL PROTECTIONS GUARANTEED IN THE FIFTH AMENDMENT. (705-7)
- 226 No double jeopardy o Prevent being prosecuted several times for same crime
- 227 Cannot be compelled to witness against self
- 228 No person deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process
- 229 No private property taken for public use without just compensation
- 20. What six protections does the Sixth Amendment guarantee in criminal prosecutions? (707-9)
- 230 Speedy and public trial (6th)

231 - Trial by jury in state of occurrence 232 - Accused to be informed of the charge 233 - Accused to see and ask questions of witnesses 234 - Accused to compel witnesses to testify 235 - Accused to have right to counsel o Due process = fair treatment by government o Minimum wage law violates this provision! 21. What great right is preserved by the Seventh Amendment? (710) 236 - Civil cases to have jury trial (7th) o if it exceeds \$20 237 - Cannot change Jury decision on appeal 22. What three protections does the Eighth Amendment provide to accused 238 - No excessive bail required (8th) CRIMINALS? (711-12) 239 - No excessive fines imposed 240 - No cruel or unusual punishment inflicted 23. WHY WAS THE NINTH AMENDMENT NECESSARY? (712) 241 – Bill of Rights does not limit rights to those listed (9th) o Citizens have a lot more 24. Name the two entities the Tenth Amendment was designed to protect. 242 - Powers not delegated are reserved to states or [the] peoples (10th) HOW WELL HAS THIS AMENDMENT BEEN ENFORCED? (712-13) o Most violated part of the Constitution [Reagan quote] 25. WHAT DOES THE ELEVENTH AMENDMENT DO? WHY WAS IT NECESSARY? (713-14) 243 – States right not to be sued by citizens of other states (11th) o Repealed one of the eleven types of cases federal courts can hear 26. Explain the five changes or additions that have been made to the Twelfth AMENDMENT WITH REGARD TO THE ELECTION OF THE PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT. (714-17) 244 - Pres and VP elected on separate ballots (12th) o Originally electors voted for two for president - highest was president - second-highest was VP - VP may be your enemy! o Corrected weakness by requiring 2 ballots 245 - Pres of Senate to count elector's votes for Pres & VP 246 - House of Rep to decide tie for president 247 - Senate to decide tie for VP 248 - Qualifications for VP same as for president

Lesson 44: Amendments 2-12

(Less. Time 55:23)

[for Sundays, Jan 31, Feb 13, 2016]

Reading: The Making of America, pages 693-717

(Chapter 29) Amendments 2-12

Quiz - Lesson 44	
1. History shows that a	PEOPLE ARE A WELL
PEOPLE.	
2. GIVE THE THREE STEPS THAT HAVE BEEN USED TO DISARM A NATION.	
	TIGATIONS SHOWED ABOUT THE CORRELATION OF GUN
CONTROL AND CRIME?	
(1)	(2)
(3)	
4. Why is it erroneous to say the I guns?	FOUNDERS WANTED ONLY MILITARY UNITS TO HAVE
	TEES AGAINST UNREASONABLE
6. Name two guarantees of the fir	TH AMENDMENT.
7. The Sixth Amendment has to do	WITH WHAT PROCEDURES?
CP	
8. What is the purpose of the Nint	TH AMENDMENT?
9. What is the purpose of the Tent	гн Amendment?
10. THE TWELFTH AMENDMENT CORRESYSTEM.	ECTED SOME WEAKNESSES IN THE