Part Two, The Making of America: Lesson 45: *Amendments* 13-16

(Less. Time 52:30)

[for Sunday, Feb 21, & 28, 2016]

Reading: The Making of America, pages 719-743

Name:

# (Chapter 30) Amendments 13-16

Pre-lesson questions for homework study and review: [*Supplemental* notes are bracketed] [287 Constitution Provisions "principles" in text.]

1. IN LIGHT OF THE EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION, WHY WAS THE **THIRTEENTH** AMENDMENT THOUGHT TO BE NECESSARY? (PAGE 720)

[60 yrs no amendments 11<sup>th</sup> -12th, slavery issue was brewing during them though ] 249 – Prohibits slavery (13)

- Emancipation Proclamation covered only areas in rebellion [not all jurisdictions]
- It was really an executive order. Did Lincoln really have the authority?

2. What exception does the Thirteenth Amendment make regarding involuntary servitude? (720)

# 250 - Convicts may be help in involuntary servitude

3. WHAT GRANT OF POWER IS CONTAINED IN THE THIRTEENTH AMENDMENT? **251 – Congress to enforce these provisions** 

- Congress can pass any law to carry out these provisions
- Originally limited to fed-states relations

HOW HAS THIS POWER BEEN BROADENED IN RECENT YEARS? (721)

• Changed to fed-individual relations by Civil Rights legislation in the 1960s

4. TO WHOM DID THE **FOURTEENTH** AMENDMENT GRANT THE PRIVILEGES OF STATE AND NATIONAL CITIZENSHIP?

## 252 - All persons born or naturalized in US are citizens (14)

WHY WAS THIS THOUGHT TO BE NECESSARY AFTER THE CIVIL WAR? (721-22)

- Continued abuses of former slaves
  - forbidden to come into town
  - forbidden to own land
  - excluded from some occupations
  - not permitted to give testimony in court
  - heavy fines for vagrancy [typical for former slaves]

5. WHICH PART OF THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT MERELY REPEATS A PROVISION IN ARTICLE IV, SECTION 2, OF THE CONSTITUTION?

# 253 – States forbidden to abridge privileges belonging to all citizens

Repeats Art IV, Section 2

CAN YOU GIVE EXAMPLES OF PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES ON THE FEDERAL LEVEL? (722)

Applies to fed privileges not state privileges

# 254 - No punishment by states without due process

• Repeat of 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment

6. WHICH PROVISION IN THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT IS REPEATED FROM THE FIFTH AMENDMENT? (723)

## 255 - No state to deny persons equal protection of the law

• Federal graduated income tax violates this law

7. What provision in the Fourteenth Amendment have the federal courts used as a basis for usurping new federal power? (723)

## 256 - Congress apportioned by actual number

8. What constitutional principle regarding apportionment of representatives and taxation was abolished by the Fourteenth Amendment? (724)

#### Eliminates counting slaves as 3/5 of a person

9. UNDER WHAT CONDITION WERE AMERICAN INDIANS STILL TO BE EXCLUDED AS VOTING CITIZENS? (724)

## 257 - For representation, census not to include non-taxpaying Indians

1924 All Indians made full citizens

10. HOW DID THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT PENALIZE A STATE THAT PREVENTED FORMER SLAVES FROM VOTING? (725)

## 258 - Reduced representation for states who refuse to let some vote

- Representation reduced by same percentage as those denied to vote
- Drafted out of revenge and anger
- Never utilized

11. What provision in the Fourteenth Amendment demonstrated the vindictiveness of congressional leaders toward the South? 259 – Oath taking rebels not eligible to hold public office

- Taken oath to uphold public Constitution
- Then joined the rebellion
- Unable to hold public office
- May be allowed by 2/3 vote of Congress
- South deprived of strong leaders for years

HOW DID PRESIDENT ANDREW JOHNSON COUNTER THIS ACTION? (725-26) [He granted a full pardon, 'unconditional and without reservation,' to anyone and everyone 'in the Southern Cause,' Christmas Day after the July 9, 1868 Proclamation.]

12. HOW DID THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT REGARD THE VALIDITY OF UNION DEBTS? (726)

# 260 – US debts during Civil War not to be questioned

- No claims were to be questioned!
- Did it make some wealthy?

13. How did the Fourteenth Amendment regard the validity of Confederate debts? (726-27)

# 261 – All Confederate debts and obligations are null and void

- Wiped out \$1.4 billion in debt
- Economy suffered for years as a result
- 14. WERE FORMER SLAVE OWNERS ALLOWED TO CLAIM A LOSS DUE TO A LACK OF DUE PROCESS OR THE LACK OF COMPENSATION? (727)

## 262 – No claim allowed for loss of slaves

No do process

**15.** Why has the Fourteenth Amendment resulted in so much expansion of federal power? (727)

#### 263 - Congress to enforce provisions

16. What did the **Fifteenth** Amendment accomplish? (728)

264 - Right to vote not to be denied because of race or previous servitude (15)

17. EXPLAIN HOW SLAVERY STEMS FROM THE DARKER SIDE OF HUMAN NATURE.

Nature of Slavery: Inclination to live by sweat of another's brow

• Other forms of slavery: - high interest rates - paying a miserly wage

IS IT PRIMARILY A RACIAL PROBLEM? (728-29) [ -It is a "human" problem]

18. DESCRIBE EFFORTS TO ELIMINATE SLAVERY BEFORE 1793. [Thomas Jefferson formulated a plan to end it. It was also later proven to be financially unsound (they consumed 90% of that they produced!)] WHAT HAPPENED TO REVERSE THIS DEVELOPMENT? (729)

[Eli Whitney's invention of the Cotton gin reignited the cotton industry, & thus slavery.] 19. SUMMARIZE THE MAIN POINTS MADE BY PULITZER PRIZE-WINNING HISTORIAN FRED ALBERT SHANNON IN HIS STORY OF AMERICAN SLAVERY. (729-737)

[Founding fathers like Patrick Henry & Edmund Randolf encouraged black participation in colonial army, but the southern economy reduced the sound principles of the north into mere 'rhetoric,' so the battle endured long thereafter.]

20. WHAT SPECIFIC CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISION WAS CHANGED BY THE **Sixteenth** 

AMENDMENT? (738) 265 – Congress to tax based on income(16)

■ 1900s – "Soak the rich" prevailed

21. BRIEFLY RECOUNT THE HISTORY OF THE SIXTEENTH AMENDMENT. (738-39)

- The rich in both parties didn't want it but was politically unpopular to oppose it
- Tried to force the other to support it in order to embarrass them
- Plan: Let states reject itBackfired! The states ratified it!
- "Makes a nation of liars" [They are greatly tempted to under report income.]
  22. DID THIS AMENDMENT REALLY "SOAK THE RICH:' AS ITS ADVOCATES CLAIMED IT WOULD?
  (739-40) Facts about income taxes
- Does not "soak the rich" at all [it soaks the middle class]

- they put their money into tax-exempt foundations [which were formed before the income tax amendment was ever made]

23. What device introduced in 1913 has shifted the income-tax burden from the wealthy to the masses? (740-41)

 Needed "withholding" to enforce [to see how much tax withheld in year all at once would cause revolt]

24. Enumerate the weaknesses of a national income-tax system. (741-42)

Violates privacy of the people (4<sup>th</sup> Amendment)

**25.** What has a former commissioner of the IRS admitted about the collection of income taxes? (742)

• Opposed by former IRS leader [(quote IRS Head 1950s)]

26. HOW COULD WE IMPLEMENT A BETTER SYSTEM OF TAXATION? (742-43)

Better way is national sales tax [all people taxed evenly]

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1. THE 13TH AMENDMENT PROHIBITS \_\_\_\_\_

2. WHY WASN'T [THE] LINCOLN EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION GOOD ENOUGH?

3. GIVE TWO PROVISIONS OF THE 14TH AMENDMENT.

4. NAME TWO WAYS THE 14TH AMENDMENT PUNISHED THE SOUTH.

5. THE 14TH AMENDMENT SHIFTS MUCH POWER FROM THE

\_\_\_\_\_TO THE \_\_\_\_\_ GOVERNMENT.

IT MAKES THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT A \_\_\_\_\_OVER THE \_\_\_\_\_

6. THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT GUARANTEES ALL MALES THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

7. THE SIXTEENTH AMENDMENT WAS INTRODUCED AS A WAY TO \_\_\_\_\_\_ THE OTHER

PARTY TO OPENLY VOTE AGAINST A "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ -THE-\_\_\_\_\_ " PHILOSOPHY, WHICH WOULD HAVE EMBARRASSED THEM.

8. THOSE WHO INTRODUCED IT DID NOT WANT IT AND FELT THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ WOULD DEFEAT IT.

9. WHY DOES THE INCOME TAX NOT REACH THE SUPER-WEALTHY?

10. ENFORCING THE 16TH AMENDMENT REALLY VIOLATES THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ AMENDMENT.

11. THE 16TH AMENDMENT WAS EVEN OPPOSED BY A FORMER \_\_\_\_\_\_ COMMISSIONER.

12. WHAT IS A BETTER WAY FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO RAISE REVENUE FROM THE **PEOPLE?**